# Schneider Electric Infrastructure Limited

FY 2018-19

10<sup>th</sup> June 2019



# Disclaimer

All forward-looking statements are Schneider Electric Infrastructure Limited (India) management's present expectations of future events and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements.

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This presentation includes information pertaining to the our markets and our competitive positions therein. Such information is based on market data and our actual sales in those markets for the relevant periods. We obtained this market information from various third party sources (industry publications, surveys and forecasts) and our own internal estimates. We have not independently verified these third party sources and cannot guarantee their accuracy or completeness and our internal surveys and estimates have not been verified by independent experts or other independent sources.



#### Macro Economic Outlook - 2019

**GDP** 

Inflation

Interest Rates Domestic Demand

Govt. Spending

Sustaining at +7%

**Decreasing Trend** 

Continued Easing
By RBI

PMI & IIP Indicators Volatile IPDS/AMRUT/ Solar/ smart City

Utility

•State Discoms : IPDS/UDAY /DDU

•Private Discoms:
Opting for SMART offers
(E-house, Self Healing)

Power Gen

•Land Reform Pending •ECO System is challenging for new PPP generation Renewable

Solar capacity addition + Price per MW challenging **Transport** 

Raising demand of urban Metro

MMM

- Incremental demand
- Housing for All
- Steel Policy 2017

O&G

- •Global Impact on fresh investments
- R&M underway

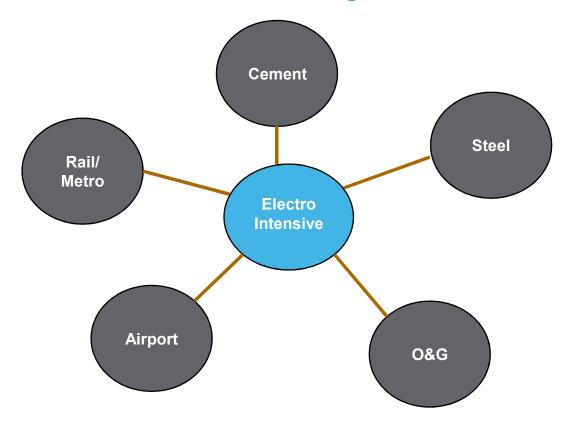
CIB

•Investment in SMART campus / Infrastructure / Industrial Corridors
•Volatility : Residential Real Estate

Data Centre

Investments in Ecommerce / 4G / Banking..

## **Key Segment of for Electro Intensive Segment**





## **Key Drivers for Electro Intensive Segment**

Segment	Growing Demand	Policy Support	Increasing Investment
Cement	Housing the major portion of cement demand at around 67 %	Government initiatives like housing for all to push demand in this sector	Metro Rail projects
	Real estate market set to increase at a CAGR of 11.6 %	Development of 500 cities with population of more than 0.1 million under new urban	Strong focus of government
	New Infrastructure Projects	development mission	Projects like dedicated Freight corridors and ports under development
Steel	Automobile production is growing at a CAGR of 7% +	100 % FDI allowed	The top ISPs have announced significant capacity enhancement plans
	Construction industry is growing at a CAGR of 7%+	National Steel Policy,2017 has come into effect	Increasing number of MOUs signed to boost investment
	Appliance and consumer electronics sector is growing at a CAGR of 8%+	Insolvency & bankruptcy code(IBC)	Foreign Players like ArcellorMIttal ,Liberty House etc looking to enter India.
		Reduced Customs Duty & other favourable measures	
O&G	Rising Demand - Crude & Refining Capacity	BS VI Roll out Plan-	Clean Energy
	Revamp & modernization of the plants to produce BS VI grade petrol & diesel		Petrochemicals
Airport	The travel & tourism industry is growing at a CAGR of 7%+	Liberalisation & Open sky policy	Large modernization,development projects,expansion and upgradation of existing airports have been planned
	Growing Trade - Exports (CAGR of 5% +) & Imports (CAGR of 4%+)	Tax exemption for airport projects for a period of 10 years	Increasing Private sector participation,increasing Greenfield Projects
		Focus towards North East India.	Strong projected demand making returns attractive
		Regional Connectivity Scheme	
		100 % FDI for greenfield projects & 74 % for Brownfield	
Urban Rail (Metro) Segment	Rising demand for urban mass transportation	Increased private sector participation- Metro Rail Policy,2017	Improved safety & modernization
		Government focus on infrastructure building	



# Financial Update



#### Financial Results- FY 2018-19 vs FY 2017-18

MINR

CEII ve sulte analysis	FY 2018-19		FY 2017-18	
SEIL results analysis	MINR	%	MINR	%
Sales	13,841		13,337	
Other income	497		247	
Total Sales	14,338		13,584	
Material costs	10,010	72.3%	9,560	71.7%
Gross Margin	4,327	31.3%	4,024	30.2%
Employee costs	1,997	14.4%	1,846	13.8%
Other expenses	1,592	11.5%	2,120	15.9%
EBITDA	738	5.3%	58	0.4%
Depreciation	258	1.9%	269	2.0%
EBITA	480		-211	
Interest	444	3.2%	436	3.3%
Profit before Exceptional items	36	0.3%	-647	-4.8%
Exceptional	280			
Profit after tax	-244	-1.8%	-647	-4.8%

- > OG sales is down by (-5%) mainly due to reversal of EESL sales of 170 MINR & System de-growth of -10%.
- > IG sales is up by 43% mainly due to LV panels.
- > Material cost is adversely impacted due to mix a/c IG Sales
- > Employee cost: Savings thru restructuring is offset by Inflation, higher WESOP, Variable pay provision & higher actuarial gain last year
- > Exceptional mainly consist of employee restructuring in ETO plant

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#### Financial Results- Q4 FY-19 vs Q4 FY-18

#### MINR

SEIL regulte a malveia	Q4 (Jan-Mar 2019)		Q4 (Jan-Mar 2018)	
SEIL results analysis	MINR	%	MINR	%
Sales	2,843		2,850	
Other income	364		71	
Total Sales	3,206		2,921	
Material costs	1,976	69.5%	1,980	69.5%
Gross Margin	1,230	43.3%	941	33.0%
Employee costs	491	17.3%	458	16.1%
Other expenses	552	19.4%	527	18.5%
EBITDA	188	6.6%	-44	-1.5%
Depreciation	59	2.1%	66	2.3%
EBITA	129	4.5%	-109	-3.8%
Interest	114	4.0%	120	4.2%
Profit before Exceptional items	15	0.5%	-230	-8.1%
Exceptional	0			
Profit after tax	15	0.5%	-230	-8.1%

- > OG sales is down by 4%. Services is up by 71% offset by project -78% due to EESL sales reversal.
- > IG sales is up by 14% mainly due to LV panels.
- > Material cost is favourable with better mix of services off set by IG sales
- > Employee cost saving thru restructuring offset by Inflation & higher actuarial gain in last year .
- > Exceptional mainly consist of employee restructuring in ETO plant

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